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## THE QUAKER AND THE ROBBER.

BY E. A. ATHER.

The most honest of all Quakers, Toby Simpton, lived at London, in a pleasant little dwelling, graced by the presence of his daughter, Mary. She was not quite seventeen years of age; was charmingly fair; had blue eyes, and possessed as much modesty as beauty. All the young men of her father's acquaintance were her suitors; all those of the neighborhood sought to gain her notice. Vain efforts! Mary was no coquette; and instead of enjoying the effect produced by her charms, she was vexed on account of the manners of all her admirers, except one Edward Weresford, a young artist, admitted to the intimacy of her family.

A very simple event had caused this friendship. A premature death had carried off the Quaker's wife. She was young and beautiful, and desiring to perpetuate the image of her who was so dear to him he had caused the artist to come to the bed of death. It was there that Edward saw the desolate damsel; it was there a serious first love took place, amid the tears of one and the pious work of the other. The year which elapsed after this epoch had but strengthened the bond formed under these auspices, and the young man had showed to the father both his desire and hope.

The excellent Toby had no reason whatever for opposing the mutual inclinations of the two young persons. Without being rich, Edward earned, by means of his pencil, what sufficed to support a family honorably. His father, Mr. Weresford, an old merchant of the city, had retired from business, with a fortune increased more than tenfold. This was a rare example of rapid success in speculation—so rapid, indeed, that few were able to follow its progress.

Yet Weresford, of so blunt and stern disposition, lived alone in a suburb of London, and, without caring what his son was doing, left him entirely at liberty. He was one of those accommodating egotists who trouble no one, provided they troubled not them—persons of perfect complaisance if you ask nothing of them.

Edward, therefore, could without interruption, court his pretty Quakeress, well assured that his father would never think of opposing his marriage. The situation of the loving couple was to all appearance very prosperous, and honest. Toby did not put off the day of their marriage longer than to collect the arrears of his rents; he destined the money for the extraordinary expenses of the ceremony. For this purpose he went to his country seat, some miles from London, in order to regulate his affairs. He had passed but one day away from home; and as he was about to put up his horse for the night, he perceived at some distance a horseman, who had harked the road. He stopped, uncertain whether to go on or turn back. Meanwhile the horseman advanced toward him.

The Quaker could not even think of escaping. He therefore put on a good face, and brought his horse to a walk. In approaching the man who caused his uneasiness, he perceived that he was masked, a greivous augury, which was soon confirmed. The unknown showed a pistol and directed the muzzle to the traveler demanding his purse. The Quaker did not want courage; but, calm by character, inoffensive by religion, and unable without arms to resist an armed man, he pulled from his pocket very coolly a purse containing twelve guineas. The robber took it, counted the pieces, and left the poor devil whom he had stopped to pass on while he put spurs to his horse. But the robber seeing the slight resistance he had opposed, and allured by the hope of a second booty, immediately rejoined the honest Toby, placed himself anew in his way, and presenting his pistol as before, cried out to him:

"Your watch!"

The Quaker, surprised, was, nevertheless, unmoved. He coolly took his watch from the fob, looked at the hour, and put the costly article into the hand of the robber saying:

"Now, I beseech thee, permit me to go to my dwelling—my daughter will be un-

easy at my absence."

"A moment more," replied the masked cavalier, the more and more hardened by this docility; "swear to me that you have no other sum."

"I never swear," said the Quaker.

"Very well. Affirm that you have no other money, and on the faith of an honest robber, incapable of taking by violence from a man who yields with so good a grace, I will let you continue on your journey."

The Quaker reflected a moment and shook his head.

"What thinkest thou?" he said gravely.

"Thou hast discovered that I am a Quaker and will not betray the truth, though at the peril of my life. Thus I declare to thee that I have under my saddle cloth a sum of two hundred pounds sterling."

"Two hundred pounds!" cried the robber, while his eyes sparkled through his mask.

"But if thou art as good as thou art kind," replied the Quaker, "thou wilt leave me this money. I wish to establish my daughter, and this sum is necessary; for a long time I shall not have a similar sum at my disposal. The dear child loveth her intended, and it will be cruel to delay this union. Thou hast loved, peradventure, and thou wouldst not commit this wicked act."

"What care I for your daughter, and her lover, and their marriage? Less talk, and more promptitude of execution! I must have this money."

Toby, with a sigh, lifted the cloth, took a bag heavy enough, and passed it slowly to the masked man. His intention then was to gallop off.

"Stop again, friend Quaker," said the other, laying his hand upon the bridle; "as soon as you arrive you will denounce me to the magistrates. This is according to your order. I have nothing to say; but I must have the advance of the process of to night. My mare is feeble, and is, besides, fatigued. Your horse, on the contrary, appears vigorous, for the weight of this bag does not incommode him. Alight, give me your beast; you may take mine, if you will."

He was slow in beginning to comply, because these cross exigencies were of a nature to raise the choler of the most patient man. The good Toby, however, descended, and resignedly took the sorry jade which was left him in exchange. "If I had known," he continued to himself, in thinking, "I would have fled at the first encounter with this rogue, and certainly it is not with this courser that he would have gained in the race."

During this time the masked man ironically thanking him for his complaisance, applied both spurs and disappeared.

Before he reached London, Toby had time to reflect on his misfortune, on the chagrin of the two young persons who loved, and whose happiness would be cut off. The sum taken from him was irrecoverably lost. Not the least part of it could be regained, nor could the audacious robber be recognized. Meanwhile as a sudden idea struck him, he stopped.

"Yes," said he, "this means may succeed. If this man liveth in London I may peradventure meet him again. Heaven, no doubt, hath willed that he should have been so very imprudent."

Somewhat consoled by this improbable hope, Toby went home without showing any trouble, or saying aught of his adventure. He did not go to the magistrate, but embraced his daughter, who suspected nothing, and lay down and slept. His faith was in God.

Next day he secretly thought of co-operating with Providence in making research. He let the mare out of the station where she had passed the night, and threw the bridle over her neck, in hopes that the animal, led by habit, would naturally go to the house of her master. He therefore sent off the poor beast, which had been fasting, to wander at large through the streets of London, and followed her. But he supposed her to have more instinct than she had; for a long time she went right and left, making a thousand turns and returns without aim,

without direction; sometimes at a stand then taking a contrary course.

Toby despaired. "My robber," thought he, "doth not live in London. What folly in me! Instead of going to the magistrate when I had time, to have suffered myself to be led away by this wretched animal!"

Suddenly, however, the beast pricked up her ears and set off on a brisk trot, followed closely by the Quaker.

"Stop! stop!" was the cry on all hands.

"Detain me not!" cried the Quaker; "I entreat you, detain me not!"

And anxiously following with his eye the course of the animal, he saw her rapidly entering the gate of a dwelling in the suburb.

"Tis here," thought the Quaker, raising his eyes toward heaven, in thanks to Providence.

"Who lives here?" he asked of a man standing near the gate.

"What! how long have you been in these parts?" was the answer, "that you don't know that this is the dwelling of the rich merchant Weresford?"

The Quaker stood petrified.

"Weresford," repeated the neighbor, who believed that he had not understood him: "the man who made so rapid a fortune."

"Excuse me, my friend, excuse me," replied Toby.

He could not recover from his stupor.

"Weresford, the father of Edward, a man of note, my robber!"

He believed he was dreaming, and desired to come to himself. Meantime many examples occurred to his memory, of many respectable persons who were in league with banditti. Toby resolved to investigate the mystery.

He entered boldly into the court, and demanded to speak with the proprietor who had just gone to bed, though it was near midday—a new indication of a night of fatigue! The Quaker insisted on being introduced, and soon found himself in Weresford's bed chamber. He not being used to be disturbed, rubbed his eyes and demanded with some impatience:

"Who are you, sir? What do you want with me?"

The sound of his voice was recognized by Toby, and thoroughly convinced him. He tranquilly drew a chair and seated himself at the bedside, his hat on his head.

"Do you remain covered?" cried the merchant in surprise.

"I am a Quaker," answered the other, with much calmness, "and thou knowest that such is our usage."

At these words of the Quaker Weresford sat up in bed and eyed the stranger. He doubtless recognized him, for he turned deadly pale.

"Well?" demanded he, stammering. "What is it—if you please—the subject that you come about?"

"I ask thy allowance for appearing so pressing," answered Toby; "but between friends it mattereth not much, and I come without ceremony, to ask for the watch that thou borrowedst of me yesterday."

"The—watch?"

"I value it much; it belonged to my poor wife, and I cannot do without it. My excellent friend, the Alderman, would never forgive me were I to fail for one day to return the jewel to his sister."

The name of the Alderman appeared to make some impression upon Weresford. Without waiting for an answer, Toby continued:

"Thou wilt do me the pleasure to return also the twelve guineas which I lent thee at the same time. Nevertheless, if thou art in need of them, I consent to let thee have them for some time, on condition that thou give me a receipt."

The scheme of the Quaker so disconcerted the old merchant that he could not deny the possession of the articles; but, not liking to acknowledge his crime, he hesitated to answer, when Toby added:

"I wish thee to participate in the approaching marriage of my daughter. Mary I had reserved the sum of two hundred pounds sterling for the bridal of the espous-

ed, but an accident happened to me last night on the road to London—I was completely robbed, so I come to pray thee to give thy son a portion, which otherwise I would not have asked of thee."

"My son?"

"Yes. Dost thou not know that he is Mary's lover, and that 'tis he that is to marry her?"

"Edward Weresford," mildly continued the Quaker, while quietly taking a pinch of snuff, "Come, do this thing for him. I would not, verily, that he should know aught of what passed last night; and if thou dost not furnish him with the sum that I promised, it will be well for me to tell him how I lost it."

Weresford ran to a bureau, and drew out a casket with a triple lock, opened it, and returned successively to Toby his purse, his watch and his bag of money.

"Very well," said the Quaker, as he received them; "I see that I had reason to count on thee."

"Is this all that you see?" demanded the merchant with one of his blunt airs.

"Nay, I yet need something of thy friendship."

"Speak."

"Thou wilt disinherit him. I see not but that some one may say I have speculated on thy fortune."

In finishing these words the Quaker left the chamber.

"No," murmured he, when he found himself alone, "children are not answerable for the faults of their parents. Mary shall marry the son of this man, but the stolen money he shall never touch."

When he reached the court, he called out to Weresford, who had come to the window. "Ho! my dear friend, I bought back thy mare, return my horse."

Some minutes afterward, Toby, well mounted, carrying by the top his bag of money, furnished with his watch and purse, reached home at a moderate trot.

"I made a visit this morning to thy father," said he to Edward, whom he perceived entering with him; "I believe we shall now agree."

Two hours afterward Weresford arrived at the house of Toby, and taking him apart, said:

"Honest Quaker, your proceedings have deeply affected my very soul! You might have dishonored me—dishonored my son; ruined me in his estimation, and caused the misfortune of refusing him your daughter. You have shown yourself a man in hand and heart. I shall not again blush in your presence. Take these papers. Farewell! you will never see me again." And he departed.

The Quaker, left alone, opened the papers. They showed obligations of considerable value on the first bankers of London, with a long list of names, and opposite each name, in figures, the sum greater or less in amount. A billet was added, wherein the Quaker read as follows:

"These are the names of persons who were robbed; the figures are the sums which ought to be restored; as to the money with the bankers in my name, let it go to the strangers, but make the restitution secretly yourself. What remains will be my legitimate fortune, and your daughter will some day possess my estate."

The next day Weresford left London, and everybody was certain that he had gone to spend his fortune in France.

On the day of the marriage the Quaker brought together a company of merry friends, among whom were noticed a number of persons enchanted with the conduct of the robbers of London, who, through the interposition of Toby, had made restitution of their lost capital, with interest.

A driver, named J. P. Jennings, who but recently arrived in Chicago, from Henry county, Texas, was a few nights since robbed of \$5,000. He carried the money in a side pocket of his overcoat, and was stepping into the Adams House, about midnight, when three fellows jostled and robbed him, and effected their escape.

Twelve per cent. of English criminals are said to be under sixteen.



## Hillsborough Herald.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

Wednesday, Dec. 2, 1896.

All those indebted to this office for subscriptions, advertisements, or job work, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment. Our necessities require it, and our advanced age admonishes us the propriety of settling up our affairs.

**HEARTH AND HOME**, is the name of a Rural and Family paper proposed to be published in New York by Messrs. Putnam, Bates & Co., the first number to appear on the 1st of January next. This paper, which will be brought forward under the most favorable auspices, and promises to be a very valuable addition to the periodical literature of the country. It will be devoted to all that pertains to country life in its broadest sense, and will not be partisan or sectarian. **Hearth and Home** will be under the general editorial charge of Mr. Donald G. Mitchell, while its home and fire-side departments will be subject to the supervision of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, who will also contribute regularly to every number. A large corps of associated editors of high reputation in their special departments has been enlisted in support of this enterprise; and the publishers promise that no labor or expense will be spared to make the paper in subject matter as well as illustration—worthy of a place in every household in the land.

Physicians who prescribe, and families who use **Wines and Liqueurs**, should give the preference to those imported and bottled by **Udolpho Wolfe**, 22 Beaver St. New York. Each bottle bears the certificate of the proprietor, and are sold at a very moderate price on the cost of importation.

Read the letters and certificates of the Chemists and the Medical Faculty of New York.

### NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

A bill authorizing the Commissioners of certain counties to issue bonds not exceeding in amount \$7,000, in sums of not less than \$100, the interest per annum not to exceed eight per cent, which passed the House, was in the Senate referred to the committee on Finance.

In the House, a message was received from the Governor in relation to the act passed last session, appropriating \$10,000 for the Executive Mansion. The message stated that he preferred to remain at his private residence, rather than to go to the Mansion, and said that but a small part of the \$10,000 appropriated at the last session for the purpose of furnishing the Mansion had been expended in repairs, which was accounted for to the Treasurer, and the remainder was at the disposal of the General Assembly.

Mr. Poe said he was glad to hear such a message. He had intended to introduce a bill, looking to the discontinuance of such a thing as an Executive Mansion, after the expiration of the present administration. Now that this message had been received, he gave notice that he would shortly introduce such a bill.

A bill for the relief of debtors, submitted by Mr. Hagland, was referred to a committee of three to report on the second Monday of December.

**RED CLOUD AND THE INDIAN TREATY**—**DISCHARGED SOLDIERS, &c.**—General Anagnos has received particulars of the signing of the treaty by Red Cloud and his party. They hesitated to do it for fear they might be involved in trouble with those Indians who escaped through the lines to the north, but finally signed it, saying, however, while he would live up to the treaty as long as the white men did, it might be difficult for him to restrain all his young braves. He saw no necessity for going on a reservation, as they had not learned to farm, and there were plenty of buffalo on Powder river. They intended to spend the winter among them, and would like to trade, but he declared, should any persons come into their country in violation of the treaty, he would confiscate their property. The party remained several days and received a number of presents, and sufficient rations to carry them back to Powder river.

Richmond, Nov. 25.—Chief Justice Chase this morning decided that the irradical party should not be administered to the Grand Jurymen, as it rather hindered than furthered the ends of justice. A new Grand Jury was then summoned under this decision, and will very likely take the oath to support the Constitution of the United States, &c.

A petition is in circulation in London to request Parliament to enact a law which shall give authority to the judges to sentence street thieves to the whipping post. The law, it is said, is the only thing they dread.

The Orangeburg (S. C.) News says that the negroes thereabouts are indisposed to contract for another year's labor, looking for forty acres of land apiece from the next Administration.

### OFFICIAL REPORT OF GEN. GRANT TO THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Headquarters Army of the U. S., Washington, November 24, 1896.  
Gen. J. M. Schofield, Sec'y of War.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the reports of Division and Department Commanders for the past year. These reports give a full account of the operations and services of the army for the year, and I refer to them for details.

I would earnestly renew my recommendation of last year, that the control of the Indians be transferred to the War Department. I call special attention to the recommendation of General Sherman on the subject. It has my earnest approval. It is unnecessary that the argument in favor of the transfer should be re-stated. The necessity for it becomes stronger and more evident every day.

While the Indian war continues, I do not deem any general legislation for the reduction of the army advisable. The troops on the plains are all needed. Troops are still needed in the Southern States, and further reduction can be made in the way already used and now in operation, where it is safe, namely, by allowing companies to diminish by discharges without being strengthened by recruits, and by stopping appointments of Second Lieutenants. If it should be deemed advisable, the veteran reserve regiments might be discontinued by absorption and retirement of officers and discharge of men without detriment to the service.

Very respectfully,

Your obt. servant,

U. S. GRANT, Gen'l.

**GENERAL PRIM ON RELIGIOUS LIBERTY.**—The Gibraltar Chronicle of September 28 mentions an incident connected with Gen. Prim which affords an encouraging view of his character:

"During the short visit paid by Gen. Prim in Algiers, he found time to accord an interview to three refugees, Senores Cabeera, Alabama, and Hernandez, who have been for a long time exiled from their native country on account of their religious opinions. The General received these gentlemen with the utmost kindness. In reply to their remark that their only crime had been that they did not profess the Roman Catholic religion, the General said: 'From this day forth there shall be liberty in our country—real liberty; every man shall be master of his own conscience, and shall profess the faith which seems best in his own eyes. You, gentlemen, he added, may return to your country in the first steamer, and you are at liberty to enter Spain with your Bible under your arm, to preach its doctrines.'

**FROM ARKANSAS.**—Memphis, Nov. 28.

The Appeal's Arkansas correspondence says that on the 10th instant a body of two hundred men, claiming to be military, entered the town of Centre Point, Sevier county, arrested all the inhabitants, marched them into an open field, placed a guard over them, and then proceeded to sack the town, after which they left. The next day the citizens of the adjoining county flocked into the town, and a meeting was held to express the sentiments of the people in regard to the outrage. While the meeting was progressing the same body of men dashed into the town and opened an indiscriminate fire upon the assembly, shooting a number of them, and arresting three of the oldest and best citizens, named Hester, Anderson and Gilbert. They carried them out to a field and shot them. The band is still in possession of the town.

Memphis, Nov. 29.—Last Friday, a white girl named Kennedy, while passing through the woods was seized on by a negro and horribly violated. The next morning he was found by citizens, identified by the child, taken to the scene of violence and hanged.

**MR. CHASE ON THE SECEDED STATES.**—

The New York Times publishes a letter, written in April last, from Chief Justice Chase to Hon. H. W. Hilliard, of Alabama. In it Mr. Chase says that he agrees with Mr. Hilliard that the seceded States "have never been other than States within the Union since they became parties to the federal government, and that the failure to maintain their assertions of independence in the conflict of arms which followed left them States still within the Union." This is certainly anti-radical doctrine.

Boys who expected to become farmers should learn some kind of wood-workmanship, as carpentering, wagon making, coopering. The advantages are the acquiring the skillful use of edged tools, a practical knowledge of the rules governing warping of the method of seasoning timber, and of the internal structure and difference in the different varieties of wood.

### SINGLE POUND OF COTTON.

The London Quarterly Review, in an article upon Cotton spinning machines and their inventors, thus illustrates the productiveness of brain and hand, by showing what machinery now enables the Cotton spinner to do with a pound of Cotton:

A manufacturer of Manchester exports what is called No. 350 yarn in large quantities for the use of the finest foreign mill-manufactures. Of the fineness of this thread, some idea may be formed when we state that two hundred and forty hanks, each eight hundred and fifty yards in length, are spun from a single pound weight of Cotton, or a total length of one hundred and fourteen miles! But this does not by any means exhaust the capabilities of English machinery, for at the great exhibition of 1851, specimens of yarn spun at Boston were exhibited so fine as No. 700, or equal to 254,000 miles in length spun from one pound of material! Worked up into fine kinds of lace, the original spinning's worth of Cotton would before it passes into the hands of the consumer, may be increased to the value of between \$200 and \$400.

**A TOTAL ECLIPSE IN 1869.**—Prof. S. V. White writes to a New York paper of a total eclipse of the sun which is to occur in August 1869. His notes of the track of the totality, calculated fifteen years ago, are as follows:

The sun will rise eclipsed in the interior of Siberia, on the following morning of August 7, 1869, whence the shadow will move in a north-easterly direction; then turning eastwardly and westwardly, will pass over the Behring's Strait and Northern Alaska about noon local time. Thence moving across a part of British North America; it will re-enter the United States in Montana; between two and three P. M. local time. Moving thence across Western Nebraska; it will pass diagonally through Iowa; passing over Sioux City, Des Moines, and Keokuk about 5 o'clock. Thence it will pass still south-east, over Jacksonville, Illinois, across Southern Indiana, Central Kentucky, East Tennessee, into and across North Carolina, and will touch the sea coast in Pamlico Sound; and it will finally leave the earth not far from the Bermudas. It will be visible in all parts of the United States and total over a belt of one hundred miles wide along the line just indicated, the sun being hid more than four minutes.

**TALKING VS. WORKING.**—One of the letter writers has lately informed the public of a few words uttered by General Grant, at a railway station in Indiana, "in an ordinary, conversational tone, and easy, business like manner," as follows:

"You have heard so much speech-making recently that I presume you are tired of it. You have done the talking; now I propose to do the work."

Some ultra-journalists profess to derive great comfort from these words. They are certainly comforting in the sense that the new President is a man of business, and that he has the good taste not to be specially delighted with the speech-making which has been going on about restoring the Union. What he says gives sanction to the idea that he is going to do any work of mischief, of discord, or of any thing else inconsistent with the only sentiment of his own which he has yet proclaimed as his guiding star: "Let us have peace."

**ELECTION BRIBERY IN ENGLAND.**—The English law against bribery, passed at the last session of Parliament, provides that where a bribery is committed with the knowledge or consent of a candidate, he shall be disqualified for seven years from sitting in the House of Commons, or being an elector, or holding a municipal or judicial office. His election will be rendered void by even employing any person as canvasser who has within seven years previously been convicted of bribery. Receivers and givers of bribes are liable to the same penalty.

Baron James Rothschild, head of the house of Rothschild, died in Paris on the 16th. He was born May 5, 1792, and was the last surviving son of Meyer Anselm Rothschild, the founder of this celebrated financial firm. He had lived many years in Paris where he died.

In 1867 nine thousand buildings were erected in Chicago, at an expenditure of some \$11,000,000. Twenty-five new churches were commenced or completed, and various business blocks of a fine character. A splendid block on the corner of State and Washington streets, of white Connecticut marble, costing about \$300,000, has been leased for \$50,000 per annum.

Lisley Hazell, a colored woman, died in Newbern, North Carolina, on Wednesday last, at the advanced age of one hundred and eight years.

**A MODERATE LAWYER.**—"Squire Johnson" was a moderate lawyer, as the following anecdote will evince:

Mr. Jones once rushed into the Squire's office in a great passion. "That infernal scoundrel of a cobbler, Smith, has sued me, Mr. Johnson—sued for five dollars I owe him for a pair of boots!"

"Then you owe him the five dollars?"

"To be sure I do; but he's gone and sued me—sued me!"

"Then why don't you pay him, if you owe him?"

"Because he's sued me; and when a man does that, I'll never pay him till it costs him more than he gets. I want you to make it cost him all his money and all his time!"

"But it will cost you something too."

"I don't care for that. What do you charge to begin with?"

"Fifty dollars; and more if there's much extra trouble."

"All right! There's the X! Now go ahead!"

No sooner was his client gone than Squire Johnson stepped across to his neighbor Smith and offered to pay the bill, on condition that the suit should be withdrawn. The shoemaker gladly acceded—all he wanted was his pay. The lawyer retained the other five for his fee; and as the case was not "troublesome," made no further demands upon his client.

Ten days after Jones came into see how his case was getting on.

"All right!" said the Lawyer. "You won't have any trouble about that. I put it to Smith so strongly that he was glad to withdraw the suit altogether."

"Capital!" cried the exulting Jones. "You've done it up brown! You shall have all my business." *Harper's Drawer.*

The late Baron James Rothschild was the recipient of many foreign decorations, and was also possessed of the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor. According to an ancient resolve of the family—that of intermarriage among its members—he married the daughter of his brother Solomon, and by her had several children. Though he gave magnificent entertainments, he was notoriously mean and very unpopular. So wide was his reputation for penuriousness, that the beggars never asked him for alms. Horace Vernet once painted his miserly face in one of his pictures, out of revenge, because the old fellow had refused to pay the artist his price for a portrait. He was probably worth \$400,000,000 or \$500,000,000 at the time of his death. His son Edmund is his heir.

**RUSSIA AND RAILROAD ENTERPRISES.**—The Emperor of Russia has sent to this country two civil engineers, instructed to make a complete examination of the operations of the Pacific and other great railways in the United States. The Emperor contemplates building a railroad from China, across Asia to the capital of Russia, his purpose being to prevent the United States, with its railroads and steamships, from monopolizing the whole China trade. These agents of the Russian Emperor are in Washington preparing for a winter's campaign in New England and on the plains. They will spend a month or two in New England to learn the manner in which the railroad tracks there are kept clear during the severe snow storms.

**SUDDEN DEATH WHILE READING THE BIBLE.**—At Troy, New York, Tuesday, Hon. Abraham Van Tuyl, a venerable and most respected citizen, died suddenly while engaged in reading the Bible to Miss Rachel Ann Hay, his niece, while conducting family worship. During the reading he took a long breath, with a considerable pause, followed by a second and third, the last of which was so long as to cause Miss Hay to look up and discover that the Bible was sliding from his knees. The lady at once went to his aid, only to learn that the good and pious man was dead.

A Salt Lake despatch says new and rich mines have been discovered on the White river, the ore taken out paying from five to seven hundred dollars per ton. Assays have been made of the ore, yielding from ten to fifteen thousand dollars per ton. An ore crushing mill is already in operation, and large quantities of ore are being shipped daily to Austin for reduction.

The catch of herrings in Massachusetts Bay this season has never been equalled. One boat with a crew of two men and five dogs, caught in one night 30,000 herrings, and were obliged to call other boats to their assistance to get them ashore. The catch of halibut also is very large all along the coast.

A marrying man in Brooklyn has now his fifth wife, and five mothers-in-law in his house. His motto is, "Let us have peace!"

Three thousand mechanics and laborers are idle in Louisville.



You say that you know a horse from a jackass when you see them? asked a counsel of a rather dull-looking witness. "Oh, yes—just so," drawled out the intended victim, gazing intently at his legal tormentor. "I know the difference, and I'd never take you for a horse."

A Stream of Music.—A little boy, on coming home from church, where he had seen a person performing on an organ, said to his mother: "Oh, mammy, I wish you had been at church to-day, to see the fun! A man was pumping music out of an old cupboard!"

A family man—very much of one, we should say—has recently been favored with triplets, all feminine, and he has named them Faith, Hope, and Charity. It is a great thing—even though in small packages—to have the leading Christian graces under one roof.

A barber at Knoxville, Tennessee, has been fined \$5 for shaving a man on Sunday.

**MARRIED.**  
In this place on the 19th ult., at the M. E. Church, by the Rev. W. C. Wilson, M. THOS. DICKSON, to Miss A. W. BROWN.

**MORE NEW GOODS.**  
I HAVE received, since last week, Satinets, Wool Jeans, American and other Calico, Hensdale Shirting, Waterville Shirting, Newlin's Heavy Shirting, Newlin's Cotton Yarns, Minerva Wool Jeans, Rodman Kersey, Green and Daniel's Thread, Merrick's Thread, Clark Hand and Machine Thread, Sole Leather.

A large stock of Boots and Shoes of all kinds, Swords, Band, Hoop, Round, Square, and Bar Iron, Nails, Lamps, Stone Lamps, Files, Screws, Gun and Market Caps, Plane Irons, Petroleum Soap, Ivory, Fine Combs, Paint and Tanager's Oil, Aurora and Kerosene Oil, White Lead and Colored Paints, Glass and Putty, Vermifuge, Syringes, Mustard, &c.

More Goods to come this and next week.

**JAMES WEBB, Jr.,**  
PORK Wanted.  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.,**  
Dec. 2.

**GOODS AT COST!**  
THE undersigned offers his entire Stock of Goods, FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, AT COST PRICES.

Summer Goods, and all old Goods, out of season, will be sold at less than cost.

If you want Bargains, come without delay, with Cash or good produce. Don't delay.

**JOHN A. TURRENTINE.**  
Dec. 2.

**NEW GOODS.**  
WE are opening another Stock of the Gallico we did not wish to sell at 10, 12, and 15 cents, in exchange for Apples at 8 cents per lb. Call with cash or produce before the price falls, as we want to sell. We take Cash and Pork in exchange for our over Goods. Do not forget Hillsborough is the place to buy your Goods.

**BROWN & CO.**  
November 18.

**PEACE.**  
**PORK AND CLOTHING.**  
120,000 LBS. Pork Wanted, for which we will exchange Greenbacks and Clothing. Our large stock of Over Goods we propose to exchange for Pork and Beans.

**BROWN & CO.**  
November 18.

**CANVASS Hams for Cash.** At **E. H. POGUE'S.**  
November 3.

**LIST OF LETTERS**  
REMAINED in the Post Office at Hillsborough, N. C., on the 24th of November, 1868, which if called for within one month, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

R N Adams	Allen Kate
Mathew A. Water	Mrs J H McKee
Wm N Bardon	D O Mayby
J T Burton	J M Matthews
Miss Bettie Brewer	Mrs Elizabeth H Moore
Brantly Brown	Mrs Mary Heado
Miss Jane Blunt	Samuel Moore
William Crabtree	Pleasant Neal
Mrs Sarah Chisholm	Miss Mary Nelson
John Couch	J W Procter
Stephen P Gates	Samuel Place
Calvin Clark	Wesley Robertson
William Couch	Miss Mag Richardson
Pompey Dodson, col'd	Hustard Reed & Co
P A Dunn	Seccar Robinson, col'd
Henry Evans, col'd	Capt Staler
Nash Evans	W H Stephens
Lucey Ellis	Miss N A G Suit
Mrs M A Fancett	Van Sparrow
William Fancett	Freeman Smith
Alexander Ponce	S D Smith
Mrs Rebecca Pinstel	Nelson Smith
K O Fitzgerald	Joe W Terry
Mark and Henry Giller	Miss M A Remer
Mrs Sally Gilling	J Y Thomas
Wesley Harwood	Rox R M Thompson
J W Holland	Thomas W Thompson
Mrs Mary M Horeton	Miss R E Thompson
J Holsman	Frank Umsted
Henry Jones	Miss Maggie Williams
William G Jackson	Miss Malle J Wright
Miss Mary Latta	Y J Whiteaker

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they are advertised.

**DENNIS HEARTT, P. M.**  
November 23.

**FALL CAMPAIGN.**  
**NEW GOODS.**  
**JUST TO HAND.**  
And now ready for inspection.  
**BROWN & CO.**  
September 2.

**OLD THINGS HAVE PASSED AWAY.**  
WE are now offering a New Stock of FALL GOODS, for Cash or Barter, much lower than we wish to do.

We wish and expect our old customers to stick to us.

**BROWN & CO.**  
September 2.

**SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.**  
REMEMBER, every customer we lose is our gain. Have always trusted you upon this system. Think of it.

**BROWN & CO.**  
September 2.

New York, Nov. 3, 1868.  
**To the People of the Southern States.**

When the pure medicinal restorative, now so widely known as Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps, was introduced into the world under the endorsement of four thousand leading members of the medical profession some 20 years ago, its proprietor was well aware that it could not wholly escape the penalty attached to all new and useful preparations. He, therefore, endeavored to invest it with the strongest possible safeguard against counterfeiters, and to render all attempts to pirate it difficult and dangerous. It was submitted to distinguished chemists for analysis, and pronounced by them the purest spirit ever manufactured. Its purity and properties having been thus ascertained, samples of the article were forwarded to ten thousand physicians, including all the leading practitioners in the United States, for purposes of experiment. A circular, requesting a trial of the preparation and a report of the result, accompanied each specimen. Four thousand of the most eminent medical men in the Union promptly responded. Their opinions of the article were unanimously favorable. Such a preparation, they said, had long been wanted by the profession, as no reliance could be placed on the ordinary liquors of commerce, all of which were more or less adulterated, and therefore unfit for medicinal purposes. The peculiar excellence and strength of the oil of juniper, which formed one of the principal ingredients of the Schnapps, together with the unalloyed character of the alcoholic element, gave it, in the estimation of the faculty, a marked superiority over every other diffusive stimulant as a diuretic, tonic and restorative.

These satisfactory credentials from professional men of the highest rank were published in a condensed form, and enclosed with each bottle of the Schnapps, as one of the guarantees of its genuineness. Other precautions against fraud were also adopted; a patent was obtained for the article, the label was copyrighted, a fac simile of the proprietor's autograph signature was attached to each label and cover, his name and that of the preparation were embossed on the bottle, and the cork was sealed with his private seal. No article had ever been sold in this country under the name of Schnapps prior to the introduction of Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, in 1851; and the label was deposited, as his trade mark, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York during that year.

It might be supposed by persons unacquainted with the daring character of the pirates who prey upon the reputation of honorable merchants by vending deleterious trash under their names, that the protections so carefully thrown around these Schnapps would have precluded the introductions and sale of counterfeits. They soon, however, duly to have stimulated the capacity of impostors. The trade mark of the proprietor has been stolen; the endorsement which his Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps alone received from the medical profession has been claimed by mendacious humbugs; his labels and bottles have been imitated; his advertisements paraphrased, his circulars copied, and worse than all, disreputable retailers, after dissolving the genuine contents of his bottles, have filled them up with common gin, the most deleterious of all liquors, and thus made his name and brand a cover for poison.

The public, the medical profession and the sick, for whom the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps is prescribed as a remedy, are equally interested with the proprietor, in the detection and suppression of these nefarious practices. The genuine article, manufactured at the establishment of the undersigned, in Schiedam, Holland, is distilled from a variety of the finest quality, and flavored with an essential extract of the berry of the Italian juniper, of unequalled purity. By a process unknown in the preparation of any other liquor, it is freed from every acrimonious and corrosive element.

Complaints have been received from the leading physicians and families in the Southern States of the sale of cheap imitations of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps in those markets, and travelers, who are in the habit of using it as an antidote to the baneful influence of unwholesome river water, testify that cheap gin, put up in Schiedam bottles, is frequently palmed off upon the unwary. The agents of the undersigned have been requested to institute inquiries on the subject and to forward to him the names of such parties as they may ascertain to be engaged in the atrocious system of deception. In conclusion, the undersigned would say that he has produced, from under the hands of the most distinguished men of science in America, proofs unanswerable of the purity and medicinal excellence of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps; that he has expended many thousands of dollars in surrounding it with guarantees and safeguards, which he designed should protect the public and himself against fraudulent imitations; that he has shown it to be the only liquor in the world that can be uniformly depended upon as unadulterated; that he has challenged investigation, analysis, comparison, and experiment in all its forms; and from every ordeal the preparation which bears his name, seal and trade mark, has come off triumphant. He therefore feels it a duty he owes to his fellow citizens generally, to the medical profession and the sick, to denounce and expose the charlatans who counterfeit these evidences of purity, and he calls upon the press and the public to aid him in his efforts to remedy so great an evil.

The following letters and certificates from the leading physicians and chemists of this city, will prove to the reader that all goods sold by the undersigned are all they are represented to be.

**UDOLPHO WOLFE.**  
I feel bound to say, that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre-eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore obtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians.

**DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,**  
Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

26 Pine Street, New York, Nov. 21, 1867.  
**UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., Present:**  
Dear Sir: I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining if any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits. The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the adulteration of liquors. I would not hesitate to use myself or to recommend to others for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of gin.

Very respectfully yours,  
(Signed) **CHAS. A. SEELY, Chemist.**

New York, 53 Cedar Street, Nov. 26, 1867.  
**UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., Present:**  
Dear Sir: I have submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of "Schiedam Schnapps," which I took from a fresh package in your bonded warehouse, and find, as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification; that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and aromatic.

Respectfully,  
**FRED. P. MAYER, Chemist.**

New York, Tuesday, May 1.  
**UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., Present:**  
Dear Sir: The want of pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes has been long felt by the profession, and thousands of lives have been sacrificed by the use of adulterated articles. Delirium, tremors, and other diseases of the brain and nerves, so rife in this country, are very rare in Europe, owing, in a great degree, to the difference in the purity of the spirits sold.

We have tested the several articles imported and sold by you, including your Gin, which you sell under the name of Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps, which we consider justly entitled to the high reputation it has acquired in this country; from your long experience as a foreign importer, your Bottled Wines and Liquors should meet with the same demand.

We would recommend you to appoint some of the respectable apothecaries in different parts of the city as agents for the sale of your Brandy and Wines, where the profession can obtain the same when needed for medicinal purposes.

Wishing you success in your new enterprise,  
We remain your obedient servants,  
**Valentine Mott, M. D., Professor of Surgery, University Medical College, New York.**  
**J. M. Carnochan, M. D., Professor of Clinical Surgery, Surgeon-in-Chief to the State Hospital, &c., No. 14 East Sixteenth street.**  
**Lewis A. Sayre, M. D., No. 795 Broadway.**  
**H. P. Dowces, M. D., No. 791 Broadway.**  
**Joseph Worcester, M. D., No. 120 Ninth street.**  
**Nelson Steele, M. D., No. 37 Bleecker street.**  
**John O'Reilly, M. D., No. 220 Fourth street.**  
**B. I. Raphael, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery, New York Medical College, &c., No. 91 Ninth street, and others.**

The proprietor also offers for sale  
**BOTTLED WINES AND LIQUORS,**  
imported and bottled by himself, expressly for medicinal use. Each bottle has his certificate of its purity.

**UDOLPHO WOLFE.**  
December 2.

**JOSIAH TURNER, Jr.** **JOSEPH R. STRATHORN.**

**TURNER & STRATHORN,**  
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW,**  
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

**WILL** attend promptly to all business confided to them. Special attention paid to the collection of claims, conveying, &c.

October 28.

**AGENTS WANTED!**  
SEND 15 cents for a specimen number of the **CAROLINA FARMER** containing splendid List of Premiums for new subscribers. Active Agents are making \$5.00 to \$10.00 per day.

**W. H. BERNARD, Pro.**  
Wilmington, N. C.  
October 28.

**SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.**  
Equal to Peruvian the first year, and an improver of the land.

Ask and get a circular. I confidently recommend it.

**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
Agent for this County.  
Sept. 16.

**SEED WHEAT.**  
WISH to sell a good article of White Wheat. A prime article, as good as can be procured in the county. Call on

**REDDING CAPE.**  
Sept. 9.

**NEW FALL GOODS.**  
OCTOBER 1868.  
I AM now opening a very large and well selected stock of goods of every kind, which have been bought late when prices were low, and will be sold low to suit the hard times. Call at

**WEBB'S CHEAP STORE,**  
with Cash or Barter. Ladies' Dress Goods very cheap, call and see.

**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
October 14.

**THE STOCK.**  
Best Stock of Select Goods at Retail we ever had the pleasure to offer to our customers is now ready, for Cash or Barter.

**BROWN & CO.**  
**FALL 1868.**

**GENERALS' CASE PRICE.**  
AND ONE PRICE  
REPORTS, excellent paper in Hillsborough, in that of our customers are coming up to our ideas.

**REMEMBER** your child buys of us at the same you do.

**DO** not ask us to make a price to fit your face; we do not wish to trade that way.

**IF YOU OWE US,** pay what you owe before spending OUR money elsewhere—think of this.

**PRICE** Goods in Danville and Raleigh, and if we do not sell as low, tell your friends.

**EVERY** customer we lose is our gain; why—ask the Prices.

**BROWN & CO.**  
Sept. 30.

**SEED IN STORE.**  
50 BUSHELS Extra Daughton Wheat \$4.50  
50 Bushels Country " \$3.00  
55 Bushels Clover and Timothy Seed.  
Baugh's Phos. Lime, Guano, Lime and Plaster.  
For sale by **BROWN & CO.**  
Sept. 9.

**MORE NEW GOODS!!**  
**AT VERY LOW PRICES.**  
**ENCOURAGE**  
**HOME MANUFACTURES.**  
ROCK Island Woollen Jeans.  
Rock Island Cassimeres.  
Holt's Factory Plaids.  
" 1 and yard wide sheetings.  
" Oznaburghs.  
" Cotton Yarns.  
Newlin's Sheetings, and Cotton yarns.  
Also new Calicoes, Bed Ticking and other goods. At low prices, at

**J. A. TURRENTINE'S.**

**16,000 POUNDS** of Lime, for Wheat at Hillsborough and Mebaneville, at one cent a pound in good clean sacks.

**J. A. TURRENTINE.**  
November 3.

**CAROLINE BELL SNUFF.**  
GAIL and A's Snuff, in Tin Boxes, in Bladders.  
For sale cheap, wholesale and retail, for Cash.

At **E. H. POGUE'S.**  
Nov. 3.

**CANDLES AND ROSIN SOAP.**  
At retail. Rosin Soap at wholesale.

At **E. H. POGUE'S.**  
November 3.

**IRON** Ware and Stove Pipe in large quantities, constantly making, and sold Wholesale and Retail at prices which are always satisfactory.

At **E. H. POGUE'S.**  
November 3.

**CASH** paid for Beeswax, Feathers, Rags, old Copper and Brass, By

**E. H. POGUE.**  
Hillsborough.  
November 3.

**FAMILY GROCERIES FOR CASH!!**  
BEST Rio Coffee, Laguira Coffee,  
And C Sugar, can be had for Cash At

**E. H. POGUE'S.**  
November 3.

**WESTERN** Empire Cooking Stoves.  
Marion  
Also Heating and Parlor Stoves. For cash or good barter, at

**E. H. POGUE'S.**  
November 3.

**200** Reams Wrapping Paper, Straw and Manilla, at manufacturers' prices. At

**E. H. POGUE'S.**  
November 3.

**\$20 SEWING MACHINES.**  
H AND me \$30 and get the worth of your money.

**JAMES WEBB, Jr., Agent.**

**SEASONABLE**  
**NEW GOODS.**  
DEBTICKS, Linsey, Cotton Jeans, Calico, 10 and 12-4, Bed Blankets, Shawls, Cloaks, Red and White Flannels, Gloves, Hoods, Hoops, Cravats, Machine and hand sewing Threads and Silks, Kersays, Jeans, Invisible Hair Nets, Velvet Ribbons, Trimming Ribbons, Colored and Black Dress Buttons, Carpet, Lime, Vinegar, Cheese, Iron, and many other goods.

Just received by

**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
Nov. 18.

**North Carolina Rail Road Scrip,**  
Wanted by

**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
November 12.



**FALL OF 1868.**  
**NEW DRY GOODS!**  
*New Fancy Goods,*  
 AND  
**Ready-made Clothing,**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES.**  
**TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS,**  
 AND  
**The Latest Style of Ladies' and**  
**Gentlemen's Hats.**  
 ALSO  
**A GOOD ASSORTMENT**  
**Hard-Ware, Groceries and Crockery.**  
**NEW GOODS**  
 RECEIVED BY EVERY STEAMER WEEKLY.  
 All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.  
**J. ISRAEL.**  
 Removed to C. M. Latimer's old stand.  
 Hillsborough, Sept. 16.

**FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATIONS**  
**1868.**  
**MILINERY GOODS.**  
 Ribbons, Trimming Ribbons, Velvet Ribbons.  
 SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS.  
**FANCY BONNET MATERIALS.**  
 BLONDS, CYPES, NETTS.  
 French Flowers, Plumes and Ornaments.  
**BONNETS, and LADIES' HATS,**  
 IN STRAW, SILK, VELVET AND FELT.  
 We offer the largest and best assorted stock in the U. States, comprising all the latest Parisian Novelties and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness.  
**ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.**  
 237 and 239, Baltimore Street,  
 BALTIMORE.  
 August 26. 53-54

**JULY STOCK.**  
 WE take great pleasure in calling your attention to our stock just bought by our  
**MR. PARKS.**  
 New prices at our House for  
 Dry Goods, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries and Confectioneries, Wood and Crockery Ware, Clothing and Notions.  
 Remember, New Goods at New Prices at Hillsborough.  
**BROWN & CO.**  
 P.S. Had you not best buy your Goods at Hillsborough! Come with Cash and Produce.  
**WANTED,** all kinds of Dried Fruit.  
**BROWN & CO.**  
 July 15. 53-54

**PERUVIAN GUANO,**  
**15,000 POUNDS,** fresh and pure, now in store,  
 and for sale cheap, for cash only.  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 October 9. 59-

**LADIES' SHOES.**  
**MANUFACTURED BY**  
**T. MILES & SONS,**  
 Congress Gaiters and French Morocco Boots, and many other new Goods, Cheap for Cash or Barter, at  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 June 10. 53-54

**FAIR NOTICE.**  
 I SHALL proceed to collect, according to law, every cent due me on the 1st day of July next, without fail. Call and see if you owe me anything before that time.  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**

**W. S. ROULEAC,**  
 OF HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.,  
 WITH  
**D. T. WILLIAMS & CO.**  
**Commission Merchants,**  
 No. 1 Tobacco Exchange,  
 RICHMOND, VA.  
 Especial attention paid to the sale of Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Flour, and all articles of Country Produce.  
 Mark your packages plainly with your name, write us your wishes and they will be complied with.  
 Consignments solicited.

**NEW GOODS.**  
 I AM receiving new goods every few days, to meet the trade in  
**DRIED FRUIT,**  
 and all other demands. Many goods received  
**LAST WEEK,**  
 and a great many more will be received this week, and so on through the season. I shall give you such bargains as will induce you to come again, and you will miss nothing unless you buy my goods. Try and see for yourselves.  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 Sept. 12. 54-

**CYSTER SALOON.**  
 THE subscriber would respectfully inform his customers, that he has opened an Oyster Saloon in the house recently occupied by Parks & Co. as a Shoe store, where he intends to serve up Oysters in all the various styles. Having made arrangements with the best house in the South for the celebrated Lynnhaven Oyster, his customers may rely upon getting something extra in the way of oysters.  
 He will also keep on hand a supply of Pickled Oysters for his country friends.  
 Every effort will be made to guarantee to his old customers that satisfaction that has established him as an Oyster Dealer. Trusting, by strict attention to business and gentlemanly deportment to all, that he may win the patronage of every good Conservative in the country. His Republican friends are also cordially invited, pledging to give them an extra plate if it will induce them to turn from the error of their ways. Malice towards none, and peace and good will for my friends, trusting that you may step in occasionally and get a good plate of cooked Oysters.  
 Respectfully,  
**ALEX. PLEASANTS.**  
 October 21. 51-

**FURNITURE WARE ROOMS.**  
 THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public, that he is still doing business on Wake street, between King and Tryon, and keeps on hand and makes to order, any description of Furniture. Upholstering done with neatness. Gilt Mouldings for picture frames. Walnut and common wood Cases on hand, and furnished at short notice.  
 Also Fish's Metallic Burial Cases of all sizes on hand. A Hearse for funeral occasions. Burials in Town and country strictly attended to.  
**CHARLES S. COOLEY.**  
 Hillsborough, April 14th, 1868. 53-

**ROSADALIS**  
**Purifies the Blood.**  
 For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.  
**AGENTS-WANTED.**  
**\$75 PER MONTH** to sell the **NATIONAL FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.** This Machine is equal to the standard machines in every respect, and is sold at the low price of \$20. Address **NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO.,** Pittsburgh, Pa.  
 July 1. 45-54

**CLOVER SEED.**  
**LUCERNE SEED.**  
**ORCHARD GRASS SEED.**  
 For sale by **J. WEBB, Jr.**  
 Aug. 18. 55-

**VERY superior Green Tea,** just received, by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
**GENTLEMEN summer Undershirts.** Just received by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 July 24. 48-

**FOR SALE.**  
**15 DOZEN** cans Fresh Peaches, 3 lb. Cans (quarts.) at \$4.00 per dozen.  
**15 DOZEN** Cans Fresh Peaches, 6 lb. Cans (2 quarts.) at \$8.00 per dozen.  
 Also Cherries, and Blackberries. By  
**R. H. POGUE.**  
 Feb. 12. 56-

**WANTED.**  
**ALL KINDS DRIED FRUIT.**  
**BROWN, & CO.**  
 August 4. 50-

**COOKING STOVES!!**  
**FRESH Arrival** of Western Empire and Buck's Patent Cooking Stoves! They are in every respect first class Stoves, and are warranted to give satisfaction. For Sale LOW for Cash or good Produce.  
**E. H. POGUE.**  
 Hillsborough.  
**UDOLPHO WOLFE,**  
 22 BEAVER STREET,  
 NEW YORK.

**THE police** here beg leave to inform the citizens of North Carolina that they have been appointed agents for **UDOLPHO WOLFE,** of New York, for the sale of his celebrated  
**SCHIEDAN AROMATIC SCHNAPPS,**  
 and  
**Bottled Wines and Liquors.**  
 Mr. Wolfe's name is a household word in every part of the Southern States.  
**ADRAIN & VOLLERS,**  
 WILMINGTON, N. C.  
 August 20. 53-54

**NOTICE.**  
 At a meeting of the Commissioners of the town of Hillsborough, held on Saturday evening the 7th November, it was ordered that the same fees be allowed the Magistrate of Police and Town Constable, as are by law allowed to Magistrates and Sheriffs.  
 Test **DENNIS HEARTT,**  
 Town Clerk.  
 Nov. 18. 54-

**THERMOMETERS,**  
**TOBACCO PLANTERS.**  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 Sept. 12. 54-

**HILLSBOROUGH**  
**CHEAP CASH**  
**AND**  
**BARTER STORE.**  
**New Goods,**  
**NOW READY**  
**Cheaper than Jew or Gentile,**  
**AT**  
**Wholesale and Retail.**  
 Country Merchants will be supplied at fair rates.  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 Oct. 2. 57-

**TO PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS.**  
 WE have just received a full and complete stock of Drugs and Medicines, which will be sold low for cash. Call and see the prices, at the  
**DRUG STORE,**  
 Cain's Corner.  
 April 11th. 52-

**A BEAUTIFUL White Kerosene Oil** one and five gallon Tin Cans, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**WALKING Canes,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**IF YOU** want a good smoke, go to the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**A FULL Line of Paints and Dye Stuffs,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**WHEATON'S** and other Fish Gintment, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**FISH Hooks, and Lines, Marbles &c.** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**A FINE Assortment of Pipes and Stems,** some very fine, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**YOU** will find a pretty lot of Jewelry, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**SEWING Machine Oil,** a superior article at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
 April 2. 52-

**A FINE and full Assortment of Pa** scissors, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**POMATUMS, Hair Oils, Colognes, and Extracts** for the Handkerchief, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**RAZORS, Razor Strops and Shaving Brushes,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**H AIR** brushes, Pocket, Round, Fine and Dressing Combs, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**KEROSENE Lamps, Shades, Wicks, Burners and Chimneys,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**A P, Letter, Bill, Note and Legal Paper—Note and Letter Envelopes,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
 April 2. 52-

**POCKET Books** and Port Folio Pocket Memo random Books, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**A GREAT variety of Tooth and Nail Brushes,** and Toilet Soap, Honey Soap and shaving, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**FRESH AND NEW GOODS.**  
 WE are now receiving a full Stock of Drugs and Medicines.  
 Letter, Note, and Legal Envelopes, and Cap Paper, Steel Pens, Faber Lead Pencils, Pen Holders, Toilet Soap, Colognes, Pomades, Hair Oils, Hdfl. Extracts, Lubin's Genuine Extracts, Fish Hooks, a large lot Tooth of Brushes, a splendid assortment of Pocket Knives, Razors, Razor Strops, Pipes, &c. &c. Call at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
 March 11 1868. 50-

**ROSADALIS,**  
**A CONSTANT supply kept on hand**  
 By **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 July 24. 50-

**BAKER'S BREAD!!**  
**A CONSTANT SUPPLY ON HAND!!!**  
**RECEIVED FRESH THREE TIMES A WEEK.**  
**Prices so that everybody can use it!!!!**  
 For Sale by  
**W. A. GATTIS & CO.**  
 July 28. 49-

**WANTED.**  
 I WANT to buy  
**RAGS, OLD COPPER AND BRASS,**  
 either for Cash or Trade. I want, in exchange for Goods.  
 Beeswax, Flaxseed,  
 Old Castings, Lead,  
 Zinc, Flour,  
 Bacon, Corn,  
 and all kinds of country produce.  
**E. H. POGUE.**  
 Feb. 12. 55-

**JULY 1868.**  
**I HAVE** just returned from  
**NEW YORK,**  
 and am receiving many seasonable goods, which I will sell very cheap for cash or barter.  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 July 24. 50-

**SAVE YOUR CABBAGE!!**  
**CRESYLIC PLANT PROTECTORS!!!**  
**WHICH** will destroy all insects on plants; also will run off ants and roaches from your house. And **CRESYLIC SOAP,** to cure Mange on Dogs, and Scabies on Horses, and Lice on Animals.  
 For Sale by  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 Sept. 12. 54-

**1868. SPRING TRADE!**  
**THE** undersigned, returning his thanks to the Merchants and others, who have favored him with their patronage, takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public that he is now able to make a further deduction in the wholesale  
**TIN WARE**  
 and by using the best material and rolling himself of the use of the most improved Machine, he offers  
**TIN WARE, WHOLESARE AND RETAIL,**  
 of superior quality to any manufactory elsewhere in the State.  
 He still offers to take in exchange any kind of good barter, but does not want to sell Tin Ware, or any thing else, on time.  
**E. H. POGUE,**  
 Hillsborough, N. C.

**ON SALE.**  
**21 KEGS** Nails, by the Keg.  
 21 Boxes Small Virginia Bells,  
 200 Bales to box, \$15.00 per box,  
 or 10 cents per bale,  
 Sheet Iron at 11 cents per pound,  
 Russia Sheet Iron at 25 cents per pound,  
 Sheet Zinc at 20 cents per pound.  
 300 lbs. best Leaf Lard,  
 300 lbs. Sugars, assorted,  
 100 lbs. best Soda,  
 200 lbs. Coffee, best Rio,  
 Pepper, Spice and Ginger,  
 1 box of very fine Chewing Tobacco.  
 For Sale by  
**E. H. POGUE,**  
 Hillsborough.  
 Feb. 12. 55-

**COOKING STOVES.**  
**A GOOD** assortment constantly kept on Sale Cheap. Special attention invited for Buck's Patent, the best stove in the market, with warrant to give satisfaction in every instance.  
 Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 7 \$30.00  
 Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 7 \$35.00  
 Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 8 \$40.00.  
 Will take Cash, or good Barter.  
**E. H. POGUE.**  
 Hillsborough.  
 Feb. 12. 55-

**FRUITS, NUTS AND CANDIES.**  
**JUST** received fresh  
**ORANGE, LEMONS,**  
**NUTS, RAISINS,**  
**FIGS** in large and small boxes. A full assortment Candies, Pickles, Crackers, Sardines, &c. &c. at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
 February, 27. 55-

**NOTICE TO TANNERS AND PAINTERS.**  
**JUST** received, best quality of  
**TANNER'S AND LINSEED OIL.**  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 Sept. 2th. 55-

**CURE RYE WHISKY.**  
 Apple Brandy,  
 French Brandy,  
 Port Wine,  
 Madeira Wine,  
 Gin, for Medical purposes, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**CLOVER AND LUCERNE SEED.** We will have Clover and Lucerne Seed in a few days at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**BLUE STONE,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**CONGRESS WATER,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**MACE,** Nutmegs, Cloves, Spice,  
 Cinnamon, Ginger and Pepper, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**KEROSENE Lamp Chimneys,** at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
**THE BEST TONIC** in use, **ELIXIR of Peruvian** Bark with Protoside of Iron, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
 September 12. 54-

**TO TANNERS.**  
**I want** high **UPPER LEATHER.**  
 I will sell it for you, or I will give Goods for it, Tanner's Oil, &c.  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 August 28. 50-

**WANTED.**  
**G** and Dry Hides, in Exchange for the  
**JAMES WEBB, Jr.**  
 Oct. 24. 50-

**TO THE LADIES.**  
**WE** have received a lot of Steven & Howe's Family Dyes, for dying Ribbons, Silks and Worsteds, and other light goods. Also Soap Powders, for washing the same. Call on our samples, at the  
**DRUG STORE.**  
 Apr. 11th. 50-

**The HILLSBOROUGH RECORDER**  
 IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY  
 BY **DENNIS HEARTT,**  
 At Two Dollars per annum, paid in advance.  
 Our Terms at present are \$5 per annum, or \$5.00 for six months, paid in advance.  
 Advertisements: One dollar per square, or 10 cents for insertion, and fifty cents a line each week. A full list of our constituents is given in the "Advertiser."  
 Will be made to order.